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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/795,797	03/08/2004	Charles L. Gray JR.	310121.415	7696
	7590 05/14/2007 ECTUAL PROPERTY L	AW GROUP PLLC	EXAMINER	
701 FIFTH AVENUE			KERSHTEYN, IGOR	
	SUITE 5400 SEATTLE, WA 98104-7092		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
:			3745	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/14/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
0.00 4 4 0	10/795,797	GRAY, CHARLES L.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Igor Kershteyn	3745			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 Ja	anuary 2007.	•			
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims		•			
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) 1-10 and 20-30 is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 11-14,16-19 and 31-33 is/are rejected</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 15 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o</li> </ul>	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So tion is required if the drawing(s) is of	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	is have been received. Is have been received in Applicative documents have been received in CPCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	A) Intendent Summer	· ·/PTO 412\			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D	Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 01/22/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Claims 1-33 are now pending. Claim 35 has been cancelled. Claims 31 and 32 are amended.

With respect to claim 11, Applicant generally states that "The point that should have been better emphasized is that, because the pins of Molly and Ebert are fixed, relative to the casings of the respective devices, and the yokes rotate on the fixed pins, if a bearing is present, it would logically be positioned between the yoke and the pin.

Only in a case where the pin (or trunnion) rotates relative to the casing, would it be expected to place a bearing between the pin (or trunnion) and the wall of the aperture of the casing, as recited in claim 11."

This statement is not agreed with because claim 11 does not contain any limitations positively claiming the trunnion rotatably coupled to the aperture.

Furthermore, the Examiner would like to point out that the bearing of Molly is positioned "between the trunnion and a wall of the aperture" thus making it logical placing the bearing on the trunnion that is fixed with respect to the housing.

Regarding claim 31, Applicant states that "a bearing that occupies a full 360° of circumference of a trunnion cannot also be capable of occupying less than 360°, without

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first undergoing some structural change. Thus, such language does impose a structural limitation defining the boundaries of the patent protection sought."

This statement is not agreed with because as recited in claim 31, "the bearing being positioned between the trunnion and the casing and configured to occupy a portion of a circumference of the trunnion of less than 360 degrees" which does not require the bearing to occupy a circumference of the trunnion of less than 360 degrees but only require the bearing to occupy a portion of the circumference of the trunnion that is less than 360 degrees.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11, and 12-14, 16, and 31-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ebert (2,931,250) in view of Molly (4,034,650).

In figures 1, 2, 4, and 4a, Ebert teaches a pump/motor comprising a yoke 72,73 configured to carry a rotatable barrel 26,27,74,75; a trunnion 28,29 coupled to the yoke 72,73 and configured to be received by an aperture (not numbered) of a pump casing 1, and a fluid channel 81,82,85,86 passing within the yoke 72,73 to the trunnion 28,29 and exiting the trunnion 28,29 via an aperture (not numbered) positioned between the two planes.

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Ebert teaches all the claimed subject matter but he doesn't teach a bearing

between the trunnion and a wall of the aperture in a position defined by two parallel

planes transverse to an axis of the trunnion.

Molly, in figures 7-9, teaches a pump/motor having a yoke 8, and a bearing 34

between a trunnion 33 and a wall of the aperture in a position defined by two parallel

planes transverse to an axis of the trunnion 4.

Since Ebert and Molly are analogous art because they are from the same field of

endeavor, that is the hydraulic bent axis piston machine art, it would have been obvious

at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to modify

the machine of Ebert with the a bearing between the trunnion and a wall of the aperture

as taught by Molly for the purpose of reducing friction between the trunnion and it's

journal.

Claims 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Ebert (2,931,250) as modified by Molly (4,034,650).

Ebert as modified by Molly teach all the claimed subject matter except that they

don't teach the bearing is formed of a bronze alloy and the bearing is impregnated with

lubricant. Applicant has not disclosed that having the bearing formed of a bronze alloy

and the bearing impregnated with lubricant solves any stated problem or is for any

particular purpose. Moreover, it appears that the bearing of Ebert as Modified by Molly,

or applicant's invention, would perform equally well with the bearing formed of a bronze

alloy and the bearing impregnated with lubricant.

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Accordingly, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have bearing of Ebert as modified by Molly such that the bearing formed of a bronze alloy and the bearing impregnated with lubricant because such a modification would have been considered a mere design consideration which fails to patentably distinguish over Ebert as modified by Molly.

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ebert (2,931,250) as modified by Molly (4,034,650).

Ebert as modified by Molly teach all the claimed subject matter except that they don't teach the bearing comprises a cage frame configured to receive needle rollers, and a plurality of needle rollers coupled to the frame. Applicant has not disclosed that having the bearing comprises a cage frame configured to receive needle rollers, and a plurality of needle rollers coupled to the frame solves any stated problem or is for any particular purpose. Moreover, it appears that the bearing of Ebert as Modified by Molly, or applicant's invention, would perform equally well with the bearing comprising a cage frame configured to receive needle rollers, and a plurality of needle rollers coupled to the frame.

Accordingly, it would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have bearing of Ebert as modified by Molly such that the bearing comprises a cage frame configured to receive needle rollers, and a plurality of needle rollers coupled to the frame because such a modification would

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have been considered a mere design consideration which fails to patentably distinguish

over Ebert as modified by Molly.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 15 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but

would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the

base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 1-10 and 20-30 are allowed.

**Contact information** 

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Examiner Kershteyn whose telephone number is

(571)272-4817. The examiner can be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00 a.m. to

4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Edward Look, can be reached on (571)272-4820. The fax number is 571-

273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is

(703) 308 0861.

IK

May 7, 2007

GOR KERSHTEYN PRIMARY EXAMINE

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Igor Kershteyn

**Primary Patent examiner.** 

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